National Board of Examinations

Question Paper Name :	DNB Radio Diagnosis Paper2
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Is this Group for Examiner? : No

Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and

Clear Response:

Yes

Question Number: 1 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

- a) What are the various compartments of mediastinum on radiograph? [2]
- b) Enumerate various Pediatric mediastinal masses. [2]
- c) Discuss imaging findings of masses in posterior compartment in a 1 year old child. [6]

Question Number : 2 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE

What is the pathophysiology of pulmonary changes in Covid-19? Briefly discuss the chest CT protocol for imaging patients with COVID-19. Discuss chest CT findings in these patients. [3+2+5]

Question Number: 3 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

Describe the CT protocol for imaging a 50 year old male patient, presenting in emergency with acute chest pain. Discuss the likely causes and their imaging findings in such patient. [5+5]

Question Number: 4 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

What are the possible causes of hilar lymph node enlargement? How would you differentiate them on CT chest? [4+6]

Question Number: 5 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

Illustrate the life cycle of Echinococcus granulosus. What are the various imaging features of pulmonary hydatid infection? [5+5]

Question Number: 6 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

Discuss in brief, the technique and indication, of any five 'views' while doing a X-ray chest. [2+2+2+2]

Question Number: 7 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

- a) Imaging features of various congenital cyanotic heart diseases on Chest Radiograph. [5]
- b) CT features of Chronic Pulmonary Thrombo-embolism. [5]

Question Number: 8 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

- a) Role of imaging in evaluation of patient with varicose veins. [5]
- b) Role of MRI in ischemic heart disease. [5]

Question Number: 9 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

Discuss differential diagnosis of:

- a) Cavitating Pulmonary lesions. [5]
- b) Calcifications on X-ray chest. [5]

Question Number: 10 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE

Imaging findings of:

- a) Mitral stenosis. [5]
- b) Renal artery stenosis. [5]